New-York Daily Times.

VOL. V.—NO. 1378. NEW-YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1856. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

THE KNOW-NOTHING NATIONAL CONVENTION.

GATHERING OF THE DELEGATES.

Influence of the Nominating Convention on the Platform Convention.

HOW THEY FEEL.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sunday, Feb. 17, 1856.

To-morrow the Know-Nothing National Convention, for the construction of a Platform for themselves and their candidate for the Presidency to stand on during the coming Presidential campaign, should organize. There are many delegates here already, but not so large a number as would have been here had the various Railroads been in better running order.

This Convention, as you are aware, has, nominally, nothing to do with the selection of a candidate for the Presidency; nevertheless a knowledge of the complexion of the Nominating Convention, which is advertised to meet on the 22d, is of the utmost importance to that which meets to erect a platform. In consequence of this there is a great deal of earnest inquiry concerning the preferences of nominating Delegates. A mutual understanding is necessary to both; for if the Platform Convention fails to agree upon a platform—unless they can draw up a set of principles, by which both North and South are willing to stand, the policy of making any nomination will be doubted by a large number of the Order. In case of a failure to agree, the Nominating Convention will probably be postponed indefinitely.

There are many opinions concerning what will be done by the Platform Convention. As the representation of the several States in the Convention is equal to the number of their electoral votes, it is certain that, if the Free-State delegations are full, they may make whatever platform suits them. In the event of their being able to do so, the friends of Northern candidates are anxious that the famous Twelfth Section be stricken out of the Platform, and the subject of Slavery ignored;—in fact, to arrange it in any way so that, while it would please the North and West, the South would be willing to stand upon it. They will then, it is believed, endeavor to get the South to propose Gerrit Law, and to get him nominated by a majority of both sections combined.

The ardent laborers for Mr. Law are strongly opposed to a postponement of the Nominating Convention. His Northern friends and at least one-half the Ohio delegation oppose a postponement of the Nominating Convention, on the ground that if a nomination be not made early, the Republicans will come into the field with a candidate every way acceptable to the Free-Soil sentiment; and that any subsequent nomination by the American Party would be viewed simply as a movement to divide the Free-Soil strength, and give the victory to the Pro-Slavery and Anti-American interest. They claim, too, that if they get an acceptable man nominated and it the first ave, any subsequent nomination by the Republicans would be deemed injudicious by the Free-Soil sentiment, and that it would, in consequence, refuse to give it a hearty support;—an opinion which may well go for all it is worth. Mr. Law's friends also talk with apparent sincerity of the absolute necessity of throwing over all the old party hacks, and coming before the people with a man untrammeled by former party ties or friendships.

A large majority of the delegates who have arrived are George Law men. When the whole strength of the Convention shall have arrived matters may assume a more warlike aspect.

The Massachusetts delegation are here, and they do not conceal their opposition to George Law. There is only one who, it is believed, could be induced to vote for him, under any circumstances. When asked what they think of him for President, they say they don't know him, and have not thought of him in that connection. It is hinted that Governor Gardner had a dream, a short time ago, during which he thought he was seated in his arm-chair at home, enjoying a comfortable fire and the very best of company, when suddenly there was a loud ringing of the door-bell, and almost as suddenly one of his admirers entered, and after taking breath for a moment, announced to him that he had been nominated to the Vice-Presidency by the National Convention at Philadelphia. It is said to be the object of at least a portion of the Massachusetts delegation to give reality to his dream.

Connecticut is not yet fully represented here; and those who are present do not appear to have determined finally upon any particular candidate. Some of them are inclined to look kindly upon George Law, but prefer to wait a day or two, until they see how things are going before they come out.

There are not many here from Ohio yet. That delegation stands about equally divided between George Law and John Crittenden.

The Law men claim 27 votes in the New-York delegation. There is said to be one member in favor of Millard Fillmore, but he has not yet arrived.

The Louisiana delegation are said to be unanimous in favor of George Law.

The Tennessee delegation, it is said, will go for Gabriel Davis, of Kentucky; or John Bell, of Tennessee.

The Kentucky delegation is said to favor Mr. Davis. It is stated confidently that they will not go for Mr. Crittenden.

The Florida delegation is reported in favor of George Law.

The California delegation is also said to be in favor of Mr. Law.

This is about the way matters stand at present; but when the other delegates arrive, and the outside members have had a chance to work, some important changes may occur.

It is very cold here to-night. J. A.

Consolidation of the Atlas and Argus Establishments.

ALBANY, Sunday, Feb. 17.

Mr. Johnson, of the Albany *Argus*, yesterday sold his interest in that establishment to his partner, Mr. Comstock, and Mr. Van Dyke disposed of his share of the *Atlas* to Mr. Cassidy, an arrangement having been made for the consolidation of the two journals. The first number of the "Albany *Atlas and Argus*," under the management of Messrs. Comstock and Cassidy, will appear on Monday, Feb. 8. It will be a morning paper.

Explosion of a Steam-boiler—Five Men Killed and Nine Badly Wounded.

TROY, N. Y., Saturday, Feb. 16.

At London, C. W., at 2½ o'clock, this afternoon, a steam-boiler in the foundry of M. Ahnedson & Co., exploded, blowing the building to atoms and burying thirty men in the ruins. The firemen repaired promptly to the scene of the disaster, cleared away the rubbish, and took out all the bodies. Five were found to be dead, and nine others were badly wounded. The shock was felt throughout the whole city. The windows of the Western Hotel, and also those of the English Church, were shattered.

Arrival of the United States Frigate Pawhattan at Norfolk.

NORFOLK, Va., Saturday, Feb. 16.

The United States frigate *Powhatan* arrived at this port to-day, from China.

Suspension of the Western Trains.

BOSTON, Sunday, Feb. 17.

Owing to the snow on the track, no mail train will leave here to-night for New-York.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Movements of the Republican Association of Washington.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 16.

The Republican Association of Washington is making strenuous efforts, to establish similar societies in every city, town, and village throughout the Union, saying, as a circular says:

"To rally the people, inspire them with confidence and enthusiasm, and furnish the information necessary to expose and fairly meet the sophistry of Pro-Slavery demagogues, making the issue Slavery or Freedom in the Presidential campaign."

The design is to scatter broadcast documents and speeches upon the subject.

They have already prepared 100,000 copies in English, and 20,000 in German, of the speeches and writings of Messrs. Seward, Hale, and others.

The Public Lands—The Graduation System.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 16.

A report, not yet published, prepared at the General Land Office in compliance with a resolution of the House of Representatives, shows the amount of territory subject to the act of August, 1854, to *graduate and reduce the price of public lands* to actual settlers and cultivators.

Of the first-class—one dollar an acre—there are 10,760,720 acres; of the second-class—75 cents per acre—there are 15,094,143 acres; of the third-class—50 cents per acre—there are 11,240,960 acres; of the fourth-class—at 25 cents per acre—there are 9,439,360 acres; and of the seventh-class—at 12½ cents per acre—there are 20,124,800 acres.

This land is divided among the following named States: Ohio, 75,695 acres; Indiana, 659,199; Illinois, 1,864,810; Wisconsin, 1,464,787; Michigan, 5,785,600; Iowa, 805,497; Missouri, 12,662,080; Arkansas, 24,212,610; Louisiana, 7,000,960; Mississippi, 7,000,960; Alabama, 14,000,960; Florida, 6,040,320—making in all 77,641,407 acres.

Number of Registered Seamen in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 16.

It appears from a statement prepared at the State Department, giving the number of American seamen registered and enrolled in the United States for the last sixteen years, that, for the year ending Oct. 1, 1840, there were 6,061, of which 140 were naturalized; and for the year ending Oct. 1, 1855, there were 9,626, including 300 naturalized persons.

Delegates to the Pittsburg Republican Convention.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Feb. 17.

Lewis Clephane, a clerk in the office of the National Era, was last evening elected a delegate to the Pittsburg Republican Convention by the Republican Association of Washington.

Non-Arrival of the Pacific—Speculations as to her Safety—Foreign Affairs—Testimonial to Dr. Kane, &c.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 16, 1856.

THE STEAMER PACIFIC.

The non-arrival of the steamer *Pacific* is exciting a feeling of intense anxiety among all classes. Still hope of her safety is the predominant sentiment. The great strength and remarkable buoyancy of the Collins' ships have been so often tested that it is difficult to suppose the missing vessel has foundered in a gale. The greatest danger apprehended is that she may have encountered field ice, and so sustained serious injury to her hull. All this may be true, the vessel a wreck, and yet her living freight comparatively safe until relief can reach them, as the Collins' steamers are understood now to be divided into water-tight compartments.

SPECULATIONS AS TO HER SAFETY.

The more general opinion is that the *Pacific* has lost her paddle-wheels by contact with the ice, or that her machinery has become disabled, and that she has, in consequence, been driven a long distance off by the gales. This surmise certainly receives strong confirmation from the fact that about one hundred and fifty other vessels are now overdue at the port of New-York. It certainly is reasonable to suppose that all of these have been carried far away by the terrific gales reported by the *Persia*. Nor is it at all improbable, in view of the extreme cold of this remarkable Winter, that they have become entangled in ice-fields, from whose embrace they are unable safely to extricate themselves, and that they are, many of them, floating off to latitudes where Old Sol's kindlier rays may release them from the unwelcome prison.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The statement that important dispatches are expected by the *Pacific* is a mistake, as advices by the *Persia* report that those anticipated by the State Department had not yet been transmitted. The *Canada* ought to bring Lord Clarendon's answer to the request for Mr. Crampton's recall, and *will* bring it, doubtless, unless the slippery statesman can find some new pretext for securing further delay. Meantime Mr. Crampton is evidently making preparations for his departure from Washington, having received by the *Persia*, probably, satisfactory evidence that his withdrawal had been requested—a fact which he has not been inclined to believe, for the reason that he is still treated with the courtesy and formality due to the representative of the British Court. His departure from Washington will be a subject of deep regret to many; but its necessity is considered imperative, unless his Government, in some other equally as significant way, indicates her repentance of the illicit recruitments, and her acknowledgment that it was an outrage upon American sovereignty and neutrality. And even such an act of atonement on the part of Great Britain could scarcely relieve Mr. Crampton of his individual responsibility for violating our laws, even as the agent of his Government.

THE SOUND DUES.

Upon the Sound Dues question we get nothing very new or definite.

The following appeared in the London *Times*, which arrived here two or three weeks ago, but has appeared, I think, in the American Press probably because by some typographical blunder it was under the head of Scandinavia, and so failed to attract attention. It is very significant, and shows that Denmark is becoming more and more satisfied that she cannot maintain a restriction upon foreign commerce, which never rested on any basis of justice or principle:

"A private letter from Altona mentions that the Danish Government has now lost all hope of bringing anything like a Conference together on the subject of the Sound Dues. The Government is described in this letter as in the greatest embarrassment and disunion as to the course to be pursued towards the flag of the United States on its first attempting to pass Kronborg, duty free, after the expiration of the present treaty. It is naturally enough feared that the attempt, if successful, will be imitated by other nations, and the example become widely contagious. It is even affirmed that the Danish authorities have at last deliberated upon the plan of letting the Americans through unmolested, but of keeping an account against them for presentation when the subject of the Sound Dues shall have been adjusted."

A PARTICULAR RESPONSIBILITY—WHO IS THE PROPRIETOR?

What a farce enacted in Nicaragua is that of which the last steamer brings us intelligence. United States Minister Wheeler has been dismissed by the Court of Walker and Rivas. Notwithstanding the good-natured old gentleman reposes so gracefully on "a patriotic President and thirty millions of free people." What a terrible indignation has the Rivas Government visited upon Mr. Marcy for daring a refusal to recognize it as a member of the family of nations, and receive its disgracefully selected representative at Washington! Marcy says he won't recognize Rivas and Walker, because he don't believe they yet constitute the Government of Nicaragua—and Rivas and Walker retaliate by refusing to recognize the United States! Mr. Marcy says they are nobody, have no name, no rightful power or authority, and they vent their impotent rage by affecting a contempt for Mr. Marcy, and assuming a sublime independence of the United States. Really "war is inevitable," and Gen. Cass must press the increase of the American Navy with all possible diligence. But what part did Minister Wheeler play in this farce? Was it entirely supernumerary,—or was he stage-manager, scene-shifter, or prompter? The latter, doubtless,—else how came he to let Walker flaunt Rivas, when he had previously received instructions to withdraw at once from all relations with the pretended Government at Granada? It can scarcely be otherwise than that Wheeler will be recalled forthwith from the mission which he has managed so indiscreetly, if not abused.

THE NAVAL COMMITTEE

of the Senate is nearly ready to report upon the subject of the Retiring Board. The precise character of the report is not definitely settled,—but the indications are that it will propose no revision of the action of the Retiring Board, nor favor the suspension of nominations already made to fill vacancies. It certainly will not propose the restoration of the dropped or retired officers, nor the repeal of the law of last Congress. There is some talk of the creation of a new naval corps of scientific men, which would be of great value to naval science, and *at the same time afford rank as well as usefulness* to men who, like Lieut. Maury, are serving their country with honor and distinction—in a sphere quite separate from that filled by the actual officers."

MERCHANTS' TESTIMONIAL TO DR. KANE.

And, by the way, why should not the world-renowned name of Kane be placed upon the roll of such a corps? The so justly celebrated and popular Arctic voyager should not be suffered to sink away in the duties of his profession as a surgeon. He belongs to the world of science—and it is due to the country that some place be made for him where his valuable services may be secured for the highest gentlemen, without depriving him of naval rank, which is esteemed so highly by all who have been educated amid the arduous duties of a naval life. In this connection let me mention that the British Board of Admiralty have notified our Government that they have adopted Dr. Kane's charts, thus throwing overboard the charts of Capt. Inglefield and other Arctic navigators belonging to the British Navy, as well as the works of all of Dr. Kane's predecessors on the Coast of Greenland. If anything could add to the value of this compliment, it is the fact that it was awarded almost by acclamation, without hesitancy or dispute.

THE MARYLAND SENATOR.

The Legislature of Maryland did not elect my candidate, Hon. John P. Kennedy, to the United States Senate, but they did the next thing to it, in choosing his brother. This extinguishes the candle of Thos. G. Pratt, whose term expires with the present Congress, to the regret of but few gentlemen, I take it, in or out of Congress. The fact that he received only one vote for reflection, and that the Democrats of the Maryland Legislature cast blanks rather than vote for him, would indicate that he was not the most popular man in Maryland.

THE NEWLY DISCOVERED GUANO ISLANDS.

The last California Mail brings advices of the sailing of the United States frigate *Independence*, Commodore Mervine, from San Francisco, for the purpose of visiting the Guano Islands claimed by Mr. Benner's American Guano Company, and of asserting and protecting their title thereto, if said islands are found to be *derelict*, as is believed to be the case. There is no estimating the value of this discovery to American Agriculture if it turns out half as well as is anticipated. S.

Kansas Affairs.

DEPARTURE OF GOV. SHANNON FOR THE TERRITORY—ORDERS FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Feb. 16.

Governor Shannon leaves here this afternoon direct for St. Louis, and from thence to Kansas. He will immediately remove his office from Shawnee Mission to Lecompton, the centre of the prevailing difficulties.

Orders will be issued by the War Department this afternoon, and they will probably be conveyed by Governor Shannon to Col. Sumner. There is no doubt but what they will be in accordance with the President's views, as expressed in his Special Message in regard to Kansas and in his late proclamation, and that directions will be given to have them firmly enforced.

There are 800 troops at Fort Leavenworth, and 400 at Fort Riley, to be called out if circumstances demand.

PRO-SLAVERY MEETING AT LEAVENWORTH—MOVEMENTS OF THE FREE STATE MEN.

ST. LOUIS, Saturday, Feb. 16.

The Leavenworth *Herald* of the 9th says a Pro-Slavery meeting was held there on the 2d instant, at which it was determined to offset the influence of the Free-State agents sent abroad, by dispatching George W. McLean to the Southern States to give the people there the Pro-Slavery aspect of the case, and to urge Southerners to emigrate to the Territory and aid in rescuing the control of affairs from the hands of the Abolitionists of Lawrence—Robinson, Lane, Brown, &c., who are doing everything possible to bring on a civil war. They apprehend that many Free-State men will refuse to follow them into rebellion against the Federal authority and the laws of the Territory.

The *Herald of Freedom* says that Messrs. Robinson and Lane have adopted precautionary measures, and organized a regiment; that the forts are guarded day and night, and that munitions of war were being collected in readiness for instant service, an attack being expected.

The Topeka *Herald* appeals to the friends of the North and East to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice—says that the struggle begins to show itself in earnest, and invokes the people of Kansas to die in preference to surrendering.

The President's Special Kansas Message has reached Leavenworth, but not Lawrence.

NECESSITY FOR THE PROMPT INTERFERENCE OF GOVERNMENT.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Feb. 17.

Letters continue to be received from Kansas, repeating that it is the determination of each party in the Territory to carry out its purposes and predicting a bloody collision, unless the Federal Government promptly interferes.

News from Mexico.

TAMAREZ FORTIFYING PUEBLA—DEFEAT OF URAGA.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Feb. 15.

The steamer *Texas* has arrived here, with dates from Vera Cruz to the 11th inst. The revolutionists under Tamarez, having captured Puebla, were fortifying it in order to repel the forces of General Comonfort, who had dispatched Government troops against the place.

It is reported that Tamarez lacks money, and that many excesses had been committed in Puebla by his soldiers.

Uraga had been defeated by the Government troops and general confusion seems to prevail.

Heavy Robbery on a Railroad Train.

ALBANY, Saturday, Feb. 16.

Mr. H. R. Hemingway, of Chicago, was this morning robbed of $6,500 while coming to this city in the early train from Schenectady. The money was in a carpet-bag, and $3,400 of it was in specie. Mr. H. was asleep when the robbery was committed.

Snow Storm at Boston, &c.

BOSTON, Sunday, Feb. 17.

It has been snowing here nearly all day and blowing a gale. All the railroads are badly incommoded by the drifts.

Honesdale Charter Election.

HONESDALE, Pa., Saturday, Feb. 16.

The charter election held here yesterday resulted in the choice of the entire Know-Nothing ticket.

Later from Buenos Ayres.

By the arrival from Buenos Ayres of the bark *Antagonist* we have received dates to Dec. 20. Business was very dull; produce scarce and high. Not much of anything doing for the United States or Europe.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA AT HALIFAX.

No Intelligence of the Pacific.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN QUESTION

Angry Words between Lord Clarendon and Mr. Buchanan.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

PROBABILITY OF A SHORT ARMISTICE.

WAR NEWS UNIMPORTANT.

Cotton Higher—Breadstuffs Lower.

Consols 90 3-8.

By the House Printing Telegraph.—Office No. 21 Wall-st.

HALIFAX, Sunday, Feb. 17.

The Royal Mail steamship *Canada*, Capt. Lang, from Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday, Feb. 9, arrived here at 4 o'clock this morning.

She brings no intelligence of the *Pacific*. The Collins steamship *Atlantic* arrived out at Liverpool at 4½ A. M., on Thursday, Jan. 31.

The steamer *Belgique* was still at Southampton, and her agents had returned the passage money and compensation. Her cargo had been taken out and was found to be but little injured. She was to go into the Graving Dock for repairs.

A short armistice, it is thought, will be forthwith agreed upon.

The British Parliament had assembled.

The Queen's speech is quite meagre, and does not mention American affairs.

The Central American Question.

The London *Morning Advertiser* has the following significant comment: "We regret to hear that at an interview which Lord Clarendon and Mr. Buchanan had together at the Foreign Office, on Thursday, very angry words passed between them relative to the Central American question."

The Peace Negotiations.

The dispatches of the Russian Government, completing and confirming the telegraphic announcement of the unconditional acceptance of Austria's propositions, were received at Vienna on the 6th inst., and a courier immediately conveyed them to Paris and London.

A memorandum embodying the propositions had been signed at Vienna and sent to Portland and Paris.

It is reported that the Congress will assemble at Paris on Feb. 22, that very little time will be lost in the discussion of the subject, and that the whole matter will be brought to a conclusion by Feb. 29.

The signing of the preliminaries prior to the opening of the Conference now only awaits the arrival of the Turkish Plenipotentiaries.

It is stated that Prussia refuses to agree to the conditions exacted by the Allies preliminary to her admission into the Peace Conference, and that consequently she will be excluded from the Conference, that he instead resigns the Seal of office.

Baron Brunow and Count Orlow are the Russian Plenipotentiaries, assisted by Messrs. Titoff and Fenton. Lord Cowley represents England; Marquis D'Azeglio, Sardinia; Count Buol, Austria; M. Walewski, France; Djewdet Pacha, Turkey.

The Baltic.

Letters received to the 30th ult. speak of mild weather, and the consequent diminution of navigation on ice, at Pillau, Memel and Cuxhaven. The ice was breaking up.

The Crimea.

The correspondence from the Crimea, from the English Camp to Jan. 16, reports the army healthy. The Russians continue to fire from the North Forts. Prince Gortschakoff had handed over the command to General Luders, and issued a new valedictory to the commanders in the Crimea.

On the 9th of January the Russians made an expedition over the ice to attack Kertch, but General Vivian being on the alert, they retired.

Asia Minor.

Gen. Williams was at Tiflis on the 14th of December, awaiting orders from St. Petersburg as to his destination. We know nothing of Kars, except ing that the town is occupied.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co. say that during the early part of the week an advance of ⅛d.@¼d. (owing to a temporary ease in the money market, and the light stock on hand,) was established on the quotations of the previous Friday, but at the close prices became somewhat easier, although not quotably lower. The Brokers' Circular calls the advances upon the week ¼d. The sales footed up 35,000 bales, of which speculators took 14,000 and exporters 19,000. The business of Friday was about 12,000 bales. The latter circular quotes as follows: New-Orleans fair 6¾d.; middling 6 15-16d.; Uplands fair 6d.; middling 5 11-16d.; Mobile fair 6d.; middling 5 11-16; ordinary to good ordinary 5½d.@5¾d.; inferior 4¾d.@5d. The whole number of bales of Cotton at Liverpool is stated at 413,000, of which 253,000 were American.

LATER.—On Saturday, 2d inst., the market opened steady, but prices were scarcely so firm as on Friday. The sales were estimated at 10,000 bales.

State of Trade in Manchester.

The Manchester advices are more favorable, trade being rather more active.

Liverpool Breadstuff Market.

The Brokers' Circular quotes Breadstuffs considerably lower, the demand limited, and prices irregular. Flour is variously quoted, at a decline of 1s.@1s. 6d; Wheat 2s.@3s.6d., and Corn 1s.@2s. The prices are also called nominal. The following are the figures in Brown, Shipley & Co.'s Circular:—Western Canal Flour, 37s.; Ohio 40s.; White Corn, 37. 6d.@39s.; Yellow, 36s.; Mixed, 35s.; White Wheat, 11s. 2d.@11s. 5d.; Red, 10s. 2d.@10s. 4d. Other circulars quote Western Canal Flour 36s.@37s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore 39s.@39s. 6d.; Mixed Corn, 36s. 6d.... *Latest.*—The Markets on Saturday, generally, were dull, and prices unchanged.

Liverpool Provision Market.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., and others, quote Provisions generally dull and lower. New Prime Mess Beef, 120s., and buyers demanding a reduction. Pork dull and nominal. Prime Mess slightly declined. Bacon—Stock light; Western quiet at 37s. Market closed dull. Lard declined to 40s., and transactions limited. The quality of the recent arrivals was bad. *Latest.*—On Saturday the markets were dull, and prices without change.

Liverpool Produce Markets.

From the Brokers' Circular.

Sugar declined 1s. Rice depressed, and business small. Rosin slightly advanced, quoted at 4s. 3d. @4s. 5d. for common, to 8s. 3d. for fine. Turpentine quiet. Spirits steady, at 35s. 6d. Tar quiet. Pearl Ashes dull, at 45s.; Pots 30s. Linseed Oil dull at 40s.; Rape heavy at 49s.; nothing doing in Seal or Cod Oils. Tallow dull—North American, 56s. Philadelphia Bank slow of sale, at 11s. 6d. Palm Oil neglected. Dye Woods in fair demand, at about former rates. Tea—Common quiet, at 9¼d. Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co. report the markets generally dull. Coffee steady, at former rates. Breadstuffs considerably lower.

Iron firm; Welsh bars, £9 5s.; rails, £8 5s.@£9 10s. Sugar 1s. lower. Rice slightly declined. Tallow 56s. 6d.@55s. 9d., deliverable to March next, and 58s. 6d. to the end of the year. Saltpetre rather lower, and market dull.

London Money Market.

The Money Market was more stringent. Consols had slightly declined, closing on Friday at 90¾@90⅞ for Money, and 90¾@91 for account.

The Bullion in the Bank of England had decreased during the week to the extent of £60,000.

American Securities.

Messrs. Baring Bros. say that United States Securities are easier, and in some cases lower, with an unsettled market.

Messrs. Peat & Co. report the market and prices generally unchanged. The following are their quotations:

United States Sixes and Bonds, 103; Massachusetts Sterling Bonds, 99; Alabama Bonds, 102@103; Pennsylvania Bonds, closing at 84; Sterling, 109@110; Virginia Five Per Cents, 95@96; do. Sixes, 103@104; Maryland Bonds, 96; New-York Central Scrips, 84@

Liverpool Freight Market.

Nothing worthy of note reported. Rates for the previous quotations. Five Orders only. Cargoes generally unchanged. Sugar quiet. Cotton nearly firm. Steam quiet.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Yesterday Regulating.

Although, during the present Winter season, many fine vessels have been launched at the various ship-yards in the City and its environs, yet there is not as much yesterday commanded, as proposed in other line of building, as in that of repairing. Great activity now prevails among the ship-carpenters on the East River, in caulking, repairing, &c., of vessels which, having suffered more or less from the storms of this and other descriptions, as they lay in their respective docks, on all sides of the City, are mustering apace, and undergoing thorough repairs in their interior construction and rigging-work. This, as in spring, is a busy season with vessels, as it is just ending be a desire, on the part of their owners, to have them in complete order for the opening Spring trade; although it is in a great measure attributable to the severe weather which has necessarily been encountered, for the past month, by vessels of all nations traversing the North Atlantic.

In all this time, among those that have received their first, apparent, a few that have suffered more or less from the severe weather, is the splendid monument of the Fleet's Right Arm—the Steamship Baltic, which has been undergoing thorough repairs in Webb's ship-yard, foot of Eighth-st., East River, and which will be, by the 1st March, ready for sea. The large balance sheet, a little more than a month since, disclosed the shipowners' Saxon Steamship Company, organized and equipped, and ready for sea. This noble steamer, which was built by Mr. W. H. Webb, at his ship-yard, foot of Eighth-st., East River, is one of the largest and finest vessels that ever floated on the waters of the New-World. She is 282 feet long by 45 feet wide on the main deck, and 120 feet over all, and draws 24 feet 6 inches when loaded. Her engines, of the direct-acting, beam, low-pressure, condensing kind, are of 1,000 horse power, and have been manufactured by Messrs. Morgan, Allaire & Co., of Boston, and Messrs. Novelty Iron Works, of New-York, and are now lying by in the yard of the builder, awaiting the completion of the vessel. Her boilers, which are of the usual construction,

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

U.S. DISTRICT COURT—Sitting in Admiralty—Before Hon. Judge Betts.

Wednesday, Feb. 11—Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50,

New-York Daily Times, Monday, February 23, 1852

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

DRY GOODS.

AMUSEMENTS.

OILS AND PAINTS.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

BOARDING.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INSTRUCTION.

LOST AND FOUND.

New-York Daily Tribune, Monday, February 10, 1868.

TO LET.

FOR SALE.

INSURANCE.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.

HOUSES TO LET IN BROOKLYN.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES FOR SALE.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED.

IRON, HARDWARE, &c.

FOR THE SOUTH.

COAL.

BOUNTY LANDS.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

INSURANCE.

Spirits of the Whole Chronicle.

HIDES.—The general difficulty experienced in the purchase of the Hides required to meet the wants of the trade, and to which we referred in our last issue, has not been relieved during the week now closing, but, on the contrary, has increased. The stock is not materially larger, in quantity, than it was a week ago, but is certainly more varied in quality, and contains a much smaller proportion of Hides suitable for the manufacture of Sole Leather. No Grandes are held firmly at 26c. net cash, and we quote Orinocos at 24@25c. net cash, but the latter rate is nominal. No Grandes are held firmly at 26c. net cash, and we quote Orinocos at 24@25c. net cash, but the latter rate is nominal. No Grandes are held firmly at 26c. net cash, and we quote Orinocos at 24@25c. net cash, but the latter rate is nominal.

HAY.—The market is ready and firm. Sales are 1,000 lbs. mixed Bay Arya at 80c., 2 months; 1,000 lbs. mixed Bay Arya at 80c., 2 months; 1,000 lbs. mixed Bay Arya at 80c., 2 months;

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER.

A PRIME LEASEHOLD MARKET AND TENEMENTS FOR SALE.—A. H. NICOLAY will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Feb. 21, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of ABRAHAM LOWRANZ, administrator:

NEW-STREET.—The lot, with building thereon, No. 18 New-st., near Wall-st., 25 ft. 9 in. by 64 feet. By order of trustee.

CLINTON-PLACE, (6th-st.)—The property known as Clinton-Court, with the ten 3 and 4 story brick buildings thereon, on south side Clinton-place, between Macdougal-st. and 6th-av., renting for $2,274 per annum, being 96 feet front by 143 feet on easterly and 139 ft. 9 in. on westerly side.

ALSO, ELM-STREET.—Lot, with building thereon, No. 46 Elm-st., near Anthony-st., 20 by 60 feet.

Maps can be had at the office of the auctioneer, No. 38 Wall-st.

R. C. HALLIDAY, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, PROPERTY ON HUDSON AND PERRY STS.—R. C. HALLIDAY will sell, at auction, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of Wm. W. Gilbert, deceased:

HUDSON-ST.—Eight lots of ground, on the easterly side of Hudson-st., comprising the entire front, between Hammond and Perry sts.

ALSO.—One lot on the south side of, and known as No. 36 Perry-st.

TERMS.—Eighty per cent. of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. The title will be positive and without reserve to the highest bidder. Maps can be had at the office of the auctioneer, 4 Wall-st.

CLINTON GILBERT,
EDW'D P. HEYER,
SYLVANUS MILLER, } Executors, &c.

R. L. DELISSER, Auctioneer.

BY LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO.—New Auction and Commission House, Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, corner of White-st., for the sale of Books, Stationery, Paper, Paintings, Fancy Goods, Works of Art, Furniture, and Merchandise generally. The second regular trade sale of the NEW-YORK BOOK PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION will commence on THURSDAY, March 13. Catalogues, when ready, can be obtained of Phillips, Sampson & Co., and Little, Brown & Co., Boston; J. B. Lippincott & Co., and M. Thomas & Sons, Philadelphia; Wm. Minifie and Lucas Brothers, Baltimore; Sanford, Wirtenbee, Kerr & Co., Cincinnati; J. H. Isbell, New-Orleans; A. Morris, Richmond, and of ourselves, which will be forwarded to the trade pre-paid.

LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO.

R. A. CHELTON, Auctioneer.

TWO VALUABLE VACANT LOTS OF GROUND—On Canal (late Walker) st., adjoining the northwest corner of Allen-st., at auction. COLE & CHILTON will sell at auction (if not previously sold at private sale) on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 20, 1856, at 12 o'clock, 25th ward, Manhattan, New-York, the above two valuable lots of ground. The two lots together form a front on Canal (late Walker) st. of 43 feet 1 inch, and 75 feet in depth, together with 5-foot alley-way leading to the rear of the lots on Allen-st. This property is well calculated for business or manufacturing purposes, for better building lots cannot be found. Having five feet alley-way leading from Allen-st. About one-half the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. For maps and particulars, apply to the auctioneers, No. 45 Nassau-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

FIFTH-AVENUE AND MURRAY-HILL AT AUCTION.—By E. H. LUDLOW, on Feb. 20, at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants' Exchange, the entire front now occupied by Mr. Waddell, west side, between 37th and 38th sts. The whole property has been divided into six lots only, each about 25 feet front by 145 feet deep, exclusive of court-yards on the 4th-av. A private street from 37th and 38th sts., will afford stable accommodations to all the lots. This subdivision enables every purchaser to erect a residence suitable to what is deemed the finest location on the island. For maps and terms of sale, apply to the Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st., or to L. B. CHASE, Counsellor at-Law, No. 5 New-st.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

WEST-TWENTY-EIGHTH-STREET.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction at the Merchants' Exchange, on MONDAY, the 25th instant, that very desirable house known as No. 23 West 27th st., near Broadway; lot 23 feet by 98 feet 9 inches; house 21 feet wide, three recent deep to the roof, 4 stories in height, and containing all the modern improvements, such as the marble mantels, grates and bells throughout, first-class range and furnace, two water closets, baths, gas, &c. Terms very easy, and sale positive to the highest bidder. Parties wishing to view the premises may obtain permits at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

R. L. DELISSER, Auctioneer.

BY LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO.—Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, corner of White-st., regular trade sale of books and miscellaneous every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENING of each week, commencing at 6½ o'clock. Sales of fancy goods and stationery, paintings, bronze wares, clocks, &c., every THURSDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, commencing at 3½ o'clock. Catalogues ready and goods open for examination the day previous to each sale.

D. D. NASH, Auctioneer, No. 296 Broadway.

MORTGAGE SALE OF STREET-SWEEPING MACHINES—On MONDAY, Feb. 25, at 11 A. M., at 296 and 298 Broadway, between 79th and 80th sts., the assisting of several street-sweeping machines, some 6 or more carts, suitable for dirt, ash, water, timber, stone or sewer carts several set of cart harnesses, cart-wheels, cart-boxes, axles, blacksmith tools, old iron, &c., a rare opportunity for contractors, wheelwrights, or any one wanting carts.

E. C. HALLIDAY, Auctioneer.

STEAM-ENGINES, BOILER-SHAFTINGS, &c.—E. C. HALLIDAY will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Feb. 21st, A. M., at 10½ o'clock A. M., on the premises, the 12-horse-power, upright-beam steam-engine, and three cylinder-boilers, shaftings, drums, &c., as they now stand in lot No. 95 Jane-st. Also, the 6-horse-power steam-engine, with upright tubular-boiler, (80 tubes,) pumps, shaftings, &c., in lot No. 92 Jane-st. Terms cash.

WM. WITTMUS, Auctioneer, Office No. 187 Canal-st.

GREAT STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS.—To be sold on WEDNESDAY, at 10½ o'clock, at the warerooms of A. F. Jarvis & Co., No. 72 Canal-st., consisting of bonnets, ribbons, velvets, laces, silks, trimmings, flowers, feathers, furniture, fixtures, &c., iron safe, large mirrors. Catalogues on morning of sale.

W. C. ALBURTUS, Auctioneer.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—W. C. ALBURTUS will sell on TUESDAY, Feb. 19, at 10 o'clock, at No. 19 Court-st., Brooklyn, splendid household furniture of rosewood, mahogany and black walnut. Also, two extra carved rosewood piano-fortes, oil-paintings, &c. By order of E. TRIPLER, Deputy. E. LOTT, late Sheriff.

J. S. H. BARTLEY, Auctioneer.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA.—TUESDAY, Feb. 19, at 10 o'clock, No. 291 Pearl-st., a large and desirable stock of all kinds W. G. blue and common ware, cut, pressed and Bohemian glass, silver-plated ware, clothing, &c.; also, the stock of a dealer. Sale positive. Catalogues now ready.

W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, SOAP, &c.—TUESDAY, Feb. 19, 1856, at 10 o'clock, No. 97 Duane-st., corner of Greenwich-st.—Loaf sugar, prime coffee, tea, cutlery, cocoa, rum, gin, brandy, champagne, herring, halves, forks, spoons, spinners, saws, chisels, files, planes, chains, coats, pants, collars.

WM. W. SHIRLEY, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—RETAIL STOCK OF GROCERY, GLASS, CHINA AND FANCY GOODS.—By WM. W. SHIRLEY, on MONDAY, Feb. 18, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 249 6th-av., corner of 24th-st. Positive cash sale, by catalogue, without reserve, in lots for retailers.

H. WILCOX, Auctioneer.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BUSKINS.—200 Cases on TUESDAY, Feb. 19, at 10 o'clock A. M., at 156 and 158 Fulton-st. A. D. SALE, No. 84 Maiden-la. H. W. would call attention to this sale, to close up business, previously to moving to No. 49 Dey-st.

CHRISTMAS.—HEWSON & HOLMES, Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, have CHRISTMAS at their Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 7 Nassau-st., corner of Wall-st., on TUESDAY, Dec. 25, 1855, at 12 o'clock M., for the sale of Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Ground-Rents, Leases, Bills, Notes, Judgments, Claims, Policies of Insurance, Shares in Banks, Insurance Companies, Railroads, Steamboats, Canals, Docks, Ferries, Gas-Light Companies, Manufacturing Companies, Mining Companies, Patents, Copyrights, Goodwill of Business, Merchandise generally, Horses, Carriages, Harness, Furniture, Pictures, Plate, Jewelry, Wearing Apparel, Household Effects, &c., &c., &c. Sales at the Auction Rooms, or at the residence of the parties, when desired. Advances made on consignments. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sales attended to in any part of the city or country. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly executed. Refer to Ocean Life Assurance and Trust Company Bank.

A. J. BLEECKER & Co., Auctioneers.

REAL ESTATE.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction, on the 25th of February next, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following valuable property known as Nos. 101, 103 and 105 Allen-st. For further particulars apply to the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st., or to FRANCIS T. GARRETSON, Attorney, &c., No. 74 Wall-st.

COPARTNERSHIP.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of JOHNSON, COX & LESLEY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, GEORGE LESLEY retiring from said firm, having disposed of interest therein to Messrs. JOHNSON, COX & CAMERON. The outstanding business will be settled at No. 374 Broadway by the remaining partners, who are authorized to use the name of the firm for that purpose.

ELIAS JOHNSON,
DAVID R. COX,
GEORGE LESLEY,
JOHN C. CAMERON,
JAMES G. SIDNEY.

New-York, Jan. 5, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers have this day formed a copartnership, and will continue the Stove, Hot Air Furnace, and General Foundry business at the old stand, conducted, respectively, by JOHNSON, COX, LESLEY & CO. and RICHARDSON & BOYNTON, under the firm of COX, RICHARDSON & BOYNTON.

DAVID R. COX,
HENRY A. RICHARDSON,
NATHANIEL A. BOYNTON.

New-York, Feb. 4, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership between the subscribers, under the firm of YELVERTON & FELLOWS, expires this day, by its own limitation.

HENRY YELVERTON, Special Partner.
ROBERT YELVERTON,
GEORGE A. FELLOWS, } General Partners.
CHARLES W. SNIFFEN,

New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business, at the store formerly occupied by Yelverton & Fellows, Nos. 88 and 90 Pearl-st., under the firm of YELVERTON, WALKER & SNIFFEN.

ROBERT YELVERTON,
STEPHEN G. WALKER,
CHARLES W. SNIFFEN.

New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of PRATT, WEBB & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JULIUS PRATT & CO.
HANOVER CO.
WALTER W. WEBB.

New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day associated themselves under the name of the AMERICAN IVORY COMB CO., and will continue the business heretofore carried on by the firm of PRATT, WEBB & CO., at No. 57 Maiden-lane.

JULIUS PRATT & CO.
HANOVER CO.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of COLES & WETMORE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. NATHANIEL COLES is authorized to settle the affairs of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account.

NATHANIEL COLES.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Jr.

Feb. 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and firm of CURTIS & RAY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

M. L. CURTIS,
E. C. RAY.

New-York, Jan. 1, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers have this day formed a copartnership, under the name and firm of CURTIS & ALEXANDER, in the business of manufacturing and selling Gas Fixtures, at No. 13 Canal-st.

M. L. CURTIS,
H. B. ALEXANDER.

New-York, Jan. 1, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of PIERCE & DENISON, is this day dissolved. WM. DENISON.

New-York, Feb. 16, 1856.

FINANCIAL.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.
ISSUE CREDITS FOR TRAVELERS,
Available in any part of the world.

ON SALE.

CITY OF CLEVELAND 7 per cent. Bonds, (Water Loan.)
CITY OF DETROIT 7 per cent. Bonds, (Water Loan.)
CITY OF CINCINNATI 6 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF CHICAGO 6 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF MILWAUKEE 7 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF SACRAMENTO 10 per cent. Bonds, by
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers,
No. 46 William-st.

CLINTON LINE RAILROAD BONDS.—CLINTON LINE EXTENSION BONDS.—The above Bonds, now on sale, are First Mortgage Seven per cent. Bonds, with semi-annual Coupons attached, payable in the City of New-York, and secured on a large amount of value, with additional provision of a sinking fund.

These roads are connecting links in the chain of roads associated under the name of the American Central Railway, now in advanced progress of construction, with uniform guage to the Missouri River,—the longest, most direct, level and central, as well as the cheapest chain of railway on the continent.

The Clinton Line Railroad is the extension of the New-York and Erie and Sunbury and Erie Lines, from the point where they unite at the east line of Ohio, continuing the chain westward over the table lands of the Great Western Valley, opening the easiest and best communication with the great commercial centres of the West, avoiding ferries and draw-bridges, and all approaches over the Mississippi, and all unnecessary transshipments. It occupies especially the commanding route for the live stock traffic of the Western Valley.

The attention of all parties purposing investments of a safe and remunerative character, is invited to the more detailed exhibits of the Companies, which will be furnished them at the office of

WHEELER, BROTHERS & CO., No. 10 Wall-st.
or T. S. MERWIN, No. 30 William-st.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.—NOTICE.—The undersigned, as Agents of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., of NEW-YORK, are now prepared to issue MERCANTILE CREDITS on Messrs. GEO. PEABODY & CO., of LONDON, for use in Europe, India, China and the Brazils,

AND WILL ALSO DRAW ON

Messrs. Geo. Peabody & Co.....LONDON.
Messrs. U. Zollweger & Co.....PARIS.
Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co.....NEW-YORK.
Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co.....NEW-YORK, made PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

In Boston, by.....Messrs. J. E. Thayer & Bro.
In Philadelphia, by.....Philadelphia Bank.
In Baltimore, by.....Messrs. McKim & Co.
In St. Louis, by.....Messrs. E. W. Clark, Bros. & Co.
In Chicago, by.....Messrs. George Smith & Co.
In Buffalo, by.....Messrs. Oliver, Lee & Co.
In Detroit, by.....Bank of Michigan Insurance Co.
In Milwaukee, by.....State Bank of Wisconsin
In Mobile, by.....Messrs. St. John, Powers & Co.
In Charleston, by.....Messrs. H. W. Conner & Co.
In New-Orleans, by.....Southern Bank.
In sums to suit, by ALSOP & CO.,
California-st.
San Francisco.

ST. NICHOLAS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—CASH CAPITAL, $100,000.—Offices, 8th-av. corner 14th-st., and No. 12 Wall-st.

C. R. LE BARON, Agent.

INSURANCE AGAINS LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.
WILLIAM WINSLOW, President.
W. S. SLOCUM, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Winslow,	Geo. R. Howell,	Elijah Ward,
A. G. Kingsland,	Chas. B. White,	Israel Minor,
Edward Haight,	Andrew Ward,	Wm. J. Brisley,
Edward A. Cook,	E. F. Manerva,	Wm. W. Cornell,
John Pettifrew,	Richard Moore,	Stephen W. Jones,
John C. Dimmick,	Jesse Hendrix,	Daniel M. Hall,
David B. Jarvis,	Jas. C. Hallock,	Henry D. Crane,
John Waite,	Wm. A. Wheeler,	David Green,
James Barnes,	John S. Meyer,	Jos. A. Stevens
Obrn's K. Sutton,	John Denham,	Rob't McLaughlin.

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD CO., No. 16 William-st.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1856.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given, that on and after the first day of March next, and until further notice, this Company will issue its new Consolidated Sinking Fund Bonds of 1875, in exchange for any of the Bonds heretofore issued by the Michigan Southern Railroad Co., and the Northern Indiana Railroad Co. Such exchange will be made at par, with as much dispatch as the preparation and signing of the bonds will admit of, and in the order in which applications for such exchanges are made. The interest on the old bonds will be paid up to the first day of May, from which date interest runs on the new bonds. By order of the Board.

J. M. HOPKINS, Secretary.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD.—Eastern Division. The holders of Second Mortgage Bonds of the Eastern Division of the above Road are requested to attend at the office of CHARLES GOULD, No. 17 William-st., New-York, on TUESDAY next, the 19th inst., at 12 o'clock at noon, on business of great importance to the holders of such bonds will then be brought to their notice.

New-York, Feb. 16, 1856.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—The business of the Treasury Department of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company will be transacted on and after this date, at No. 28 Pine-st., in the rear building, and the Transfer Books will be found there on and after the 1st day of March.

W. A. WHITEHEAD, Treasurer,

New-York, Feb. 18, 1856.

BONDS.—CLINTON LINE RAILROAD 1st mortgage Bonds.
CLINTON LINE EXTENSION RAILROAD 1st mortgage Bonds.
CRAWFORD COUNTY, TENN., 6 per cent Bonds.
$50,000 LOUISIANA CITY 6 per. cent. Coupon Bonds.
For sale by WHEELER, BROS. & CO., No. 10 Wall-st

OFFICE OF THE MINNESOTA EXPLORING CO., No. 62 Wall-st.—New-York, Feb. 4, 1856.

ANNUAL ELECTION.—For thirty Directors and three Inspectors of the next election will be held at the Office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 19th inst. The poll will open at 1 o'clock, P. M., and close at 3 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN BAKER, Secretary.

BUSINESS PAPER DISCOUNTED.—Advances in cash made upon vessels at sea or in port by JOHN R. MURRAY, No. 44 Wall-st., over Bank of North America.

STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD.—On commission only, and business upon margin and loans negotiated. R. G. DROMGOLE, No. 10 Wall-st., office of Wheeler Bros. & Co.

FLORENCE AND KEYPORT JOINT COMPANY.—Report for the present year may be had at the Office, No. 49 Beaver-st.

THOS. LOYD, Treasurer.

TO LOAN—In sums of $2,000, $4,000, $5,000, $10,000, $15,000 or $20,000 on bond and mortgage. Apply to R. B. HEDGCOCK, No. 6 Wall-st., basement.

BILLS WANTED—Of ELLSWORTH BANK, Maine, at 1/2 per cent. discount.
GRIFFIN & HEWELL, Bankers, No. 19 Wall-st.

EXTRA AND CHOICE Western Reserve Cheese, received per the HARLEM, P. TROTTER, Master, from 7 and 9 Jefferson Market, from animals selected.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.

DR. WATSON continues his practice in a certain class of cases, in which he has treated more than twenty thousand cases within the last ten years, with but few cases of failure. The remedies are mild, and do not keep the patient from business, or expose him to detection. While in most cases of gleet there is a cure in twenty-four hours, Dr. WATSON desires to state that, as many have been deceived by the assurances of certain charlatans, and been injured by drugs, patients are respectfully invited to call, in the first place, as there is no charge for consultation.

W. WATSON, M. D.,
No. 49 Walker-st., near Broadway.

Many years Surgeon to the Lock Hospital: Author of "The Cause and Cure;" numerous plates. 51 Office No. 49 Walker-st., near Broadway.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM.

FOR WEAK EYES AND INFLAMED EYELIDS.

This balsam is the very best preparation that can be used for inflammatory diseases of the eyes and eyelids. When the disease is confined to the external coat of the eyeball and internal lining of the eyelid, it acts almost like magic in allaying all irritation and inflammation. Price 25 cents per jar. For sale by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 100 Fulton-st.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—Mr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the pimple to the worst scrofula in a comparatively short time. He has tried it in over 1,800 cases, and never failed, except in two cases, both thunder humor. He has now in his possession over 150 certificates of its virtues, all within 20 miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of boils.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the eyes and blotches among the hair.

Two to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula. A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effects of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure the worst case; I never sold a bottle of it but that said another; after a trial, it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this that I must appeal to non-believers for, first, that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite abundant, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1850; second, that it should cure all kinds of humors.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1855, I peddled it, and sold about six bottles per day. In April, 1855, I sold over a thousand bottles per day.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you can get, and enough of it.

Dinner-room run Gen.—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over 5 years, dessert spoonful; children from 2 to 5 years, tea-spoonful. As no direction can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of scrofula.

Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, No. 120 Warren-street, Roxbury, Mass. Price $1.

RAMSDELL, ORVIS & CO., No. 120 Greenwich-st.; BOYD & PAUL, Courtland-st.; P. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st.; McPHERSON, ROBBINS & CO., No. 116 Maiden-lane; HAVILAND, HASKAL & BISLEY, Warren-st.; WARD, CLOSE & CO., Maiden-lane; and retailed by all respectable Druggists.

Trade supplied by the agents for New-York: CHAS. H. RING, No. 192 Broadway; C. V. CLICKENER, No. 61 Bowery-st.; A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., and retailed by all respectable Druggists. Also by Mrs. HAYER, No. 178 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; BARNES & PARKS, No. 204 Broadway.

THRESHMAR—THE GREAT EUROPEAN DISCOVERY—Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England, and secured by the seals of the Roole de Pharmacie de Paris of the Imperial Academy of Medicine of Vienna.

THRESHMAR No. 1—is the remedy of general and local debility, loss of virile power, premature decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c. Its effects are efficacious in youth, manhood and old age: the organic powers would not become impaired, even in the last stage of life, if this restorative was universally adopted: all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influences, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

THRESHMAR No. 2—Completely and entirely eradicates all traces of those horrid diseases, which convix and cubeb have so long been thought an antidote for, to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population.

THRESHMAR No. 3—is the great European remedy for that class of disorders which unfortunately the English Physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.

THRESHMAR No. 1, 2 and 3, are alike devoid of taste or smell, and all nauseating qualities. They may lay on the toilet table without their use being detected.

Sold in fin cases at $5 each, or four cases in one for $20, which saves $1 each, and thereby there is a saving of $5; divided into separate doses, as administered by Valpeau, Lallemand, Roux, &c.

To be had, wholesale and retail, and forwarded immediately on receiving a remittance, to any part of the world, by A. J. BARROW, M. D., No. 31 Greene-st. near Canal, New-York, who has appointed the following agents to give advice to all patients in America. Consultation free, if by letter, $5. A minute description of case, stating age, habits and avocation, are necessary. Attendance daily from 11 A. M. till 3 P. M., and from 4 to 9 P. M., (Sundays excepted) unless by previous appointment. No. 31 Greene-st. near Canal.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—The undersigned, formerly a pupil with RICORD, of Paris, and with the celebrated Surgeons of this City, Drs. CARNOCHAN and MOTT, may be consulted, confidentially, in his specialty, at his conveniently located rooms, No. 446 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, from 9 to 1 o'clock, and from 5 to 7, daily. He tenders to all afflicted positive assurance of relief, and those who have been deceived by "specifics," quacks, boluses of mercury, &c., and like effusions of the numerous medical charlatans of the day, may rely on having their cases treated effectually, no matter how complicated they may appear. His extended observations in the famous Hospital du Midi, in Paris, under RICORD himself, together with the many and efficient remedies of this celebrated surgeon, render failure impossible. For the information of patients, it is proper here to state, that RICORD'S PRACTICE in sexual derangements, which also includes the diseases of these organs, is the modern and only rational system (combining rapidity of cure with entire safety to the constitution) for sexual weakness, as it expressly rejects the old, empirical, secret and hazardous employment of such pretended specifics as copaiva, cubebs, mercury, &c. Recent cases cured without any delay, and the most candid information given in every instance. The subscriber's treatment of Consumption, constitutional, mercurial and nervous diseases, is based entirely on the modern and improved science of medicine, and has been eminently successful. Treatment by letter, and the remedies, securely sealed, forwarded. Consultations as Francais.

C. M. LE GRAND, M. D.,
Consulting and Operative Surgeon.

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Eleventh edition, 250 colored figures, price $1. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their recipes and specifics; nervous debility, local and general, from excess and indiscretion in youth. The author's Paris and London treatment, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., No. 31 Reade-st., corner of No. 280 Broadway, New-York. His book is also sold at No. 222 Broadway. We commend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—*Courier des Etats Unis, State Zeitung, National Democrat, Day Book, Courier, Dispatch, &c.*

DEAFNESS CURED.—The following is taken from Scott's *Weekly*: "DEAFNESS.—We understand that the success which has followed the use of DOARA'S MAGIC DROPS in cases of deafness, has been astonishing, thousands of persons having been cured, whose cases were considered hopeless. The calls for this medicine are from all parts of the country, it being, we believe, the only article before the public for the cure of that distressing disease."

Sold by the proprietor, No. 29 Bury-st., Boston, and by A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York, and W. H. HAGAN, Troy; LOUDEN & CO., No. 84 Arch-st., Philadelphia.

NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. JOHNSON, No. 16 Duane-st., (Chatham Bank Building,) may be consulted with confidence on all diseases requiring secrecy. His long experience of 24 years in this speciality of the profession enables him to treat successfully those who have suffered from the malpractice of medical impostors. Many of such can be found in all large cities, particularly in the City of New-York. Dr. J., being a graduate of N. Y. University, guarantees a cure in all cases undertaken. Hours from 8 A.M. to 8 P.M.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.—In this country the process of Consumption is alarming, and should warn everybody to be careful and cure a cold as soon as possible, and the best and quickest remedy before the public is Dr. HAIGHT'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND, which will immediately cure the most obstinate cold, no matter of how long standing; in fact, it has in several instances effected cures where the patients were on the verge of Consumption. Office No. 385 Bowery, New-York.

MEDICAL OFFICE.—Dr. COOPER, No. 14 Duane-st., between Chatham and William sts., may be consulted with confidence. His medicines are applicable to every form of disease; even the weakest of them can take them without fear of discovery. His medicines for nervous debility, after removing the disease, restore system in as speedy conditions as before the dread malady took up its abode therein. Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M., to 9 o'clock P. M.

DR. CORBETT—No. 19 Duane-st., may be consulted with confidence on disease. Twenty-three years in one number in the profession, enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. His method for treatment is the same as that practiced by the great Ricord, of Paris, and all cases undertaken treated with the greatest candor. N. B.—Dr. C. is a member of the New-York University. See his diploma in his office.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.—STATE OF NEW-YORK, Albany, Feb. 1, 1856.—Notice is hereby given to the several banks in this State that the following Bank Note Plates have been destroyed, and that the Bank Notes heretofore issued from the same are redeemable at the office of the Bank Department of the State of New-York, in the City of New-York: Bank of Cayuga, Auburn; Bank of Cayuga, Cayuga; Bank of Cayuga, Seneca Falls; Bank of Cayuga, Union Village; Bank of Cayuga, Weedsport; Bank of Cayuga, Wolcott; Bank of Cayuga, Port Byron; Bank of Cayuga, Moravia; Bank of Cayuga, Aurora; Bank of Cayuga, Ithaca; Bank of Cayuga, Owasco Bridge; Bank of Cayuga, Scipio; Bank of Cayuga, Genoa; Bank of Cayuga, Cayuga Bridge; Bank of Cayuga, Fleming; Bank of Cayuga, Lodi; Bank of Cayuga, Ovid; Bank of Cayuga, Seneca Falls; Bank of Cayuga, Canandaigua; Bank of Cayuga, Geneva; Bank of Cayuga, Waterloo; Bank of Cayuga, Seneca Falls; Bank of Cayuga, Auburn; Bank of Cayuga, Cayuga; Bank of Cayuga, Seneca; Bank of Cayuga, Union Village; Bank of Cayuga, Weedsport; Bank of Cayuga, Wolcott; Bank of Cayuga, Port Byron; Bank of Cayuga, Moravia; Bank of Cayuga, Aurora; Bank of Cayuga, Ithaca; Bank of Cayuga, Owasco Bridge; Bank of Cayuga, Scipio; Bank of Cayuga, Genoa; Bank of Cayuga, Cayuga Bridge; Bank of Cayuga, Fleming; Bank of Cayuga, Lodi; Bank of Cayuga, Ovid; Bank of Cayuga, Seneca Falls; Bank of Cayuga, Canandaigua; Bank of Cayuga, Geneva; Bank of Cayuga, Waterloo.

By order of the Bank Commissioner.

E. P. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

THE PARK BANK.—NOTICE.—The Subscriber will be ready on TUESDAY, the 19th inst., to pay the Capital Stock of the Park Bank, and the Circulation of the same will be redeemed at the office of the Bank, No. 49 Wall-st., City of New-York. By order of the Board of Directors.

CHARLES A. HALY, Cashier.

RAILROADS

AMERICAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD LINE,
COMPOSED OF
BUFFALO AND ERIE, CLEVELAND AND ERIE, AND
CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROADS,
CONNECTING with Michigan Southern and North-Cern Indiana Railroads, the quickest and best route to Chicago, St. Louis, &c. Passengers ticketed to Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, Rock Island, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Dayton, Springfield, Fort Wayne, Sandusky, Tiffin, Findlay, Sandusky, &c.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
TO TAKE EFFECT
MONDAY, November 19, 1855.

1. EXPRESS MAIL.—Leaves Buffalo at 1 A. M., Cleveland 8.35 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, St. Louis, &c., connecting at Toledo with 9 P. M. train on M. S. Railroad, reaching Chicago at 8.10 A. M., connecting with trains for St. Louis, and reaching there at 11 P. M.

2. LIGHTNING EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 10.40 A. M., Cleveland 6 P. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c., reaching Toledo at 11 P. M., Chicago 8.40 A. M., Cincinnati 6.45 A. M.

3. NIGHT EXPRESS.—Leaves Buffalo at 11 P. M., Cleveland 8 A. M., for Toledo, Chicago, Cincinnati, &c. Passengers by this train reach Toledo at 12.30 P. M., Chicago 8.20 P. M., Chicago 10.20 P. M., in season to take the cars for St. Louis, reaching there at 3 P. M., on the 3d day; also connecting at Chicago with Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, Galena and Aurora, Illinois and Wisconsin, and Illinois Central Railroads.

ALSO PASS CLEVELAND.

MAIL TRAIN:

At 9.15 A. M., and Norwalk, stopping at all way stations, and reaching Toledo at 2.17 P. M.

Through tickets can be procured at all the principal Railroad Ticket Offices.

E. B. PHILLIPS,
Superintendent.

Office of the Cleveland and Toledo R. R. Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 19, 1855.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE.

The Through Ticket and Freight Office of the
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD,
and their Railroad and Steamboat connections to Chicago, Milwaukie, Galena, Burlington, St. Louis, Cairo and all points West and Southwest, is at No. 126 Broadway, (a few doors south of Cortlandt-st.)

DARIUS CLARK, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 31, 1855, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.:

Buffalo Express at 9 A. M., for Buffalo direct, without change of cars, arriving at Dunkirk at 4.40 P. M., and at Buffalo at 6.30 P. M. Connecting at Dunkirk and all Stations on the Lake Shore Division. Mail, at 8.30 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and Intermediate Stations. Passengers by this Train will remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Hornby Express, at 12 M., for Newburgh direct, without change of cars. Goshen and Chester, at 1 P. M. Night Express, at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Eastern mail, at 5 P. M., for Port Jervis and Way Stations. Passengers by this train will leave on Sundays. Paterson Express Trains connect at Hasbrouck with the Kingston and Saugerties Railroad, for Saugerties. Newburgh Express, at 4 P. M., for Newburgh direct, without change of cars. Goshen and Chester, at 5 P. M. Piermont Express, at 6 P. M., for Piermont and Nyack. Orange County Express, at 6 P. M., for Turner's, Otisville and Intermediate stations

New-York Daily Times

NEW-YORK CITY.

Knocking Men Down by Daylight.

Yesterday it was reported by the Police as knocked down by highway robbers in broad daylight; we publish it as in duty bound. But we doubt whether the perils of the highway have not been exaggerated very much of late. We have had occasion to remind others as well as ourselves in the columns for some months back, and never yet have found opportunity to say one word in self-defence, to wear a pistol, or do much as to carry a cane. And we have come to the conclusion that if a sober man minds his own business, he is about as safe in the streets of New-York as in his bed. Still, our sound common sense protests us from believing it possible that if a man when half-drunk chooses to make a public exhibition of his gold watch, there are gentlemen on the pavement who will accommodate him by taking it, and giving him a thump on his head to comfort his wondering wife.

City Mortality.

The number of deaths in this City last week was 397—20 more, 26 women, 139 boys, and 116 girls, proportionately the same number as that of the previous week. Of the whole number of deaths, 16 were the results of violent causes.

"Louis Redfern Won Leaps."

On Saturday night a dog attempted to jump down from the Fulton ferry-boat before the stranded the dock, but falling to heed the old adage, fell into the water and immediately disappeared. Last dogs and men remember to look before they leap.

The Sultana.

The ship *John J. Boyd*, Capt. Annear, arrived at this port on Saturday with 320 Mormon emigrants on their way to Great Salt Lake. They left Liverpool on the 25th of December.

Cold Weather.

On Saturday there was a great thaw going on. The streets were full of spunk, and traveling on foot was like very distant of John. The Street Commissioner had a hundred or two men at work in Broadway with picks, shovels, &c. By way of experiment, he scattered some hundred bushels of Liverpool salt on the snow of the block before Stewart's.

At midnight the thaw was arrested, and has not yet ceased. Appearances stood—doubtless the clerks of the Corporation kitted it over to keep the peace. Yesterday there was fresh work cried, and in the afternoon it was very cold.

The cards were carried.

The New-York Courier says: "No parent should punish a child, no matter what its misdemeanor may be, to vindictive pay, until he (the parent, he was sure it was valid of offence), or, he did not know but the better plan is, to follow the example of a large class, who now refuse to receive child at all." So correct is. The wretched cuts that disgrace advertisements here, and the contemptible slang that fills the pages of rhyme in these, are most encouraging to both taste and morals. Every them at this office will be taken in, burnt them at once.

Mr. Corning has adopted a rule for his conscience, that they shall not cross the Banks of Newfoundland between this time and the first of August, north of 46 degrees. This will insure his safety from the danger of icebergs, and will give him ample advantage, in the point of safety, over their commanders, which must go to the north on account of their stopping at Halifax.

The anniversary of the treaty of Ghent was celebrated for the seventeenth time by the Eighth Ward Hickory Club (Tilly at the Appolle Rooms on Saturday evening.

The number of the places where people can be vaccinated free, are posted on the dead walls. Read them, for there is some small pox in the City.

Election of Officers in the New-York City Guards.

A meeting of the members of the New-York City Guards was held at their armory, in Broadway, on Saturday evening last, to elect officers in the vacancies occasioned by the resignation of the old officers of the company. T. W. Fenton, Col. M. S. Miller, of the Eleventh regiment, presided. The following officers were elected unanimously: Benjamin F. Lent, Captain, in place of Capt. Fenton, resigned; Captain Lent was previously commissioned by Gen. Sloan's staff, and is highly esteemed by his brother soldiers. Wm. H. Mallon, First Lieutenant, in place of L. D. Bulkley, resigned; Thos. C. De Leon, Third Lieutenant, in place of W. H. Dwarf, promoted to a staff appointment; R. L. Stone, Fourth Lieutenant, in place of Wm. H. Mallon, promoted. Their late Captain of the City Guard, who died recently in Texas, is to be brought to this City and buried with military honors by the members of his late command.

Fire.

Fire in Adee-street.

About 10½ o'clock on Friday morning an alarm of fire was given from Primary School No. 10, situate at No. 174 Adee-street. It originated from the carelessness of ashes. It was soon extinguished. Damage about $5. The children who were in the school at the time were all passed out in good order.

Fire in East Fourteenth-street.

About 11 o'clock on Saturday night a fire broke out in a stable at No. 376 East Fourteenth-street, occupied by Mr. Moore. About $400 worth of damage was done.

Fire in South-street.

A fire occurred in the grocery store of Bailey & Wilson, No. 197 South-street, about 2 o'clock last morning. It was extinguished with a loss of about $50.

Fire in Kansas-street.

At 2 o'clock last evening a fire was discovered in a room on the second floor of Tompkins's Sarsaparilla building. It was soon put out. Damage trifling.

The Singer & Co., of the Sewing Machine, gave a splendid party at the City Assembly Rooms, for all their employes and their employes' invited friends last Wednesday evening. Some two thousand people sat down to the supper, with which they finished the dancing, and a right merry time they had of it.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

GRAND LARCENY—HE SAYS—HE DENIES—HIS MISERY IN A FAMILIAR SCENE.

A great deal of amusement as well as misery can be seen at our City Police Courts. A good time to see the sights is about five o'clock in the afternoon, just before the closing of the day's session. All the persons committed for drunkenness during the day or the previous night are then brought up in a body for examination. And such a sight, such a conglomeration of debauched-looking men and women, of gummy black eyes, bloody noses and dirty faces, can nowhere else be witnessed. The prisoners are called up one at a time to face the Court and give an account of themselves. If the account be satisfactory—if they have never been up before, and promise never to be up again, they are generally dismissed with an admonition to sin no more. But if they are known rogues—and their countenances generally decide that matter—they are punished in accordance with the provisions of the law made and provided for their especial benefit. No amount of eloquence, combination or pleading to be let go "just this once" can save them. His Honor is inexorable, and either orders them to the cells for ten days, (if they cannot pay $10,) or to the Island for two or three months. The pleadings of the miserable beings are always interesting. Some beg to be discharged because they have a wife and a house full of children to support; others because they fear to lose a good situation; and some, more forward than the rest, base their defence on the inalienable right of all men to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, as laid down in the Declaration of Independence by the immortal John Thompson. We had a block or two ago a very exasperated man, with a beautiful polish of mud. His coat was matted in the process of wear, and his shirt-bosom, which had once been new, was buttoned close up to the chin—whether to impart a sailor-like appearance to the wearer, or hide the lack of a shirt did not appear. His hat, which he twirled in his hand, was "shocking bad." His whole appearance very striking. When called, he stepped forward on the platform and stood straight up like a sentinel, as if awaiting further orders. His Honor said to him: "Well, Sir, what have you brought in this morning drunk?"

Prisoner.—I know it, Sir.

Justice.—Well, what have you to say for yourself?

Prisoner.—Why, Sir, I did indeed get drunk, and I got most gloriously drunk, as I had a right to do.

Justice.—You had no right to surprise yourself in that condition, and not as you did it.

Prisoner.—I beg pardon, Sir, but I am a soldier